## UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

for the

District of Puerto Rico

United States of America v.	) ) Case No. 23-085 (PAD)		
[1] CARLOS JAVIER RUIZ PATIÑO  Defendant	) )		
ORDER OF DETENTION PENDING TRIAL			
Part I - Eligibility for Detention			
Upon the			
<ul><li>✓ Motion of the Government attorney pursus</li><li>✓ Motion of the Government or Court's own</li></ul>	ant to 18 U.S.C. § 3142(f)(1), or a motion pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 3142(f)(2),		
the Court held a detention hearing and found that detention and conclusions of law, as required by 18 U.S.C. § 3142(i)	n is warranted. This order sets forth the Court's findings of fact, in addition to any other findings made at the hearing.		
Part II - Findings of Fact and La	w as to Presumptions under § 3142(e)		
	.C. § 3142(e)(2) (previous violator): There is a rebuttable additions will reasonably assure the safety of any other person is have been met:		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	following crimes described in 18 U.S.C. § 3142(f)(1):		
· · ·	B U.S.C. § 1591, or an offense listed in 18 U.S.C. term of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed; or		
$\bigcirc$ <b>(b)</b> an offense for which the maximum s			
(c) an offense for which a maximum ter Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. §	m of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed in the § 801-904), the Controlled Substances Import and Export Act of Title 46, U.S.C. (46 U.S.C. §§ 70501-70508); or		
(a) through (c) of this paragraph, or two	convicted of two or more offenses described in subparagraphs or more State or local offenses that would have been offenses (c) of this paragraph if a circumstance giving rise to Federal on of such offenses; <b>or</b>		
	me of violence but involves:  Ta firearm or destructive device (as defined in 18 U.S.C. § 921);  a failure to register under 18 U.S.C. § 2250; and		
	ted of a Federal offense that is described in 18 U.S.C.		
§ 3142(f)(1), or of a State or local offense that to Federal jurisdiction had existed; <i>and</i>	at would have been such an offense if a circumstance giving rise		
	ove for which the defendant has been convicted was e pending trial for a Federal, State, or local offense; <i>and</i>		

(4) a period of not more than five years has elapsed since the date of conviction, or the release of the defendant from imprisonment, for the offense described in paragraph (2) above, whichever is later.

☑ B. Rebuttable Presumption Arises Under 18 U.S.C. § 3142(e)(3) (narcotics, firearm, other offenses): There is a	
rebuttable presumption that no condition or combination of conditions will reasonably assure the appearance of the defendant as required and the safety of the community because there is probable cause to believe that the defendant committed one or more of the following offenses:	
$\boxtimes$ (1) an offense for which a maximum term of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed in the	
Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. §§ 801-904), the Controlled Substances Import and Export Act (21 U.S.C. §§ 951-971), or Chapter 705 of Title 46, U.S.C. (46 U.S.C. §§ 70501-70508);	
(2) an offense under 18 U.S.C. §§ 924(c), 956(a), or 2332b;	
(3) an offense listed in 18 U.S.C. § 2332b(g)(5)(B) for which a maximum term of imprisonment of 10 year or more is prescribed;	'S
(4) an offense under Chapter 77 of Title 18, U.S.C. (18 U.S.C. §§ 1581-1597) for which a maximum term imprisonment of 20 years or more is prescribed; or	of
(5) an offense involving a minor victim under 18 U.S.C. §§ 1201, 1591, 2241, 2242, 2244(a)(1), 2245, 2251, 2251A, 2252(a)(1), 2252(a)(2), 2252(a)(3), 2252A(a)(1), 2252A(a)(2), 2252A(a)(3), 2252A(a)(4), 2260, 2421, 2422, 2423, or 2425.	
☑ C. Conclusions Regarding Applicability of Any Presumption Established Above	
The defendant has not introduced sufficient evidence to rebut the presumption above, and detention is ordered on that basis. (Part III need not be completed.)	
OR	
The defendant has presented evidence sufficient to rebut the presumption, but after considering the presumption and the other factors discussed below, detention is warranted.	
Part III - Analysis and Statement of the Reasons for Detention	
After considering the factors set forth in 18 U.S.C. § 3142(g) and the information presented at the detention hearing the Court concludes that the defendant must be detained pending trial because the Government has proven:	ιg,
By clear and convincing evidence that no condition or combination of conditions of release will reasonably assure	;
the safety of any other person and the community.	
the safety of any other person and the community.  By a preponderance of evidence that no condition or combination of conditions of release will reasonably assure the defendant's appearance as required.	
By a preponderance of evidence that no condition or combination of conditions of release will reasonably assure	
<ul> <li>□ By a preponderance of evidence that no condition or combination of conditions of release will reasonably assure the defendant's appearance as required.</li> <li>In addition to any findings made on the record at the hearing, the reasons for detention include the following:</li> <li>□ Weight of evidence against the defendant is strong</li> <li>□ Subject to lengthy period of incarceration if convicted</li> <li>□ Prior criminal history</li> </ul>	
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AO 472 (Rev.	11/16) Order of Detention Pending Tria	al .
L   S   P   P   U   E	ignificant family or other ties ack of legal status in the Uniteral prior failure to appear in court frior attempt(s) to evade law ends of alias(es) or false docum sackground information unknown violations of probation, parties	ed States on after serving any period of incarceration as ordered inforcement ents own or unverified
OTHER R	EASONS OR FURTHER EXI	PLANATION:
The defend	lant did not request conditions	s of release.
	P	art IV - Directions Regarding Detention
for confine being held with defen person in c	ment in a corrections facility in custody pending appeal. T se counsel. On order of a co	by of the Attorney General or to the Attorney General's designated representative separate, to the extent practicable, from persons awaiting or serving sentences or The defendant must be afforded a reasonable opportunity for private consultation ourt of the United States or on request of an attorney for the Government, the lity must deliver the defendant to a United States Marshal for the purpose of an occeding.
Date: _	04/27/2023	s/Marcos E. López
		United States Magistrate Judge